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CLAIMS

1. A demodulation method comprising:

a log-likelihood ratio calculation step

5 for calculating soft-decision input values of Turbo
decoding upon receipt of a sequence of received
signal points, performing Turbo decoding using the
soft-decision input values, and calculating a loglikelihood ratio of a low-order information bit and

10 a log-likelihood ratio of a parity bit;

a coset estimation step for estimating the low-order information bit based on the log-likelihood ratio of the low-order information bit calculated by said log-likelihood ratio calculation step, estimating the parity bit based on the log-likelihood ratio of the parity bit calculated by said log-likelihood ratio calculation step, so as to estimate a coset based on the low-order information bit and the parity bit; and

high-order information bit estimation step for estimating a transmitted signal point based on the coset estimated by said coset estimation step, so as to estimate the high-order information bit based on the transmitted signal point.

2. The demodulation method according to claim 1, characterized in that said log-likelihood ratio calculation step calculates an Euclidean distance from a threshold value of a signal point

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constellation in a signal state space and uses the calculated distance as soft-decision input values of the Turbo decoding.

- 3. The demodulation method according to claim 2, characterized in that said log-likelihood ratio calculation step performs the Turbo decoding for calculating a branch metric of trellis using a linear sum of the soft-decision input values, so as to calculate the log-likelihood ratio of the low-order information bit and the log-likelihood ratio of the parity bit.
- 4. The demodulation method according to claim 1, characterized in that said log-likelihood ratio calculation step performs the Turbo decoding that includes conversion.
- claim 1, characterized in that said log-likelihood ratio calculation step calculates an Euclidean distance from a threshold value of a signal point constellation in a signal state space so as to use the calculated distance as the soft-decision input values of the Turbo decoding that includes conversion, performs the Turbo decoding whereby a branch metric of trellis is calculated using a linear sum of the soft-decision input values, so as to calculate the log-likelihood ratio of the low-

order information bit and the log-likelihood ratio

of the parity bit.

6. A demodulation apparatus comprising:

log-likelihood ratio calculation means

for calculating soft-decision input values of Turbo
decoding upon receipt of a sequence of received
signal points, performs Turbo decoding using the

soft-decision input values, and calculating a loglikelihood ratio of a low-order information bit and

10 a log-likelihood ratio of a parity bit;

a coset estimation means for estimating the low-order information bit based on the log-likelihood ratio of the low-order information bit calculated by said log-likelihood ratio calculation means, estimating the parity bit based on the log-likelihood ratio of the parity bit calculated by said log-likelihood ratio calculation means, so as to estimate a coset based on the low-order information bit and the parity bit; and

high-order information bit estimation means for estimating a transmitted signal point based on the coset estimated by said coset estimation means so as to estimate a high-order information bit based on the transmitted signal point.

7. The demodulation apparatus according to claim 6, characterized in that said log-likelihood ratio calculation means calculates an Euclidean distance from a threshold value of a

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signal point constellation in a signal state space and uses the calculated distance as soft-decision input values of the Turbo decoding.

- 5 8. The demodulation apparatus according to claim 7, characterized in that said log-likelihood ratio calculation means performs the Turbo decoding for calculating a branch metric of trellis using a linear sum of the soft-decision input values, so as to calculate the log-likelihood ratio of the low-order information bit and the log-likelihood ratio of the parity bit.
- 9. The demodulation apparatus according to claim 6, characterized in that said log-likelihood ratio calculation means performs the Turbo decoding that includes conversion.
- to claim 6, characterized in that said loglikelihood ratio calculation means calculates an
 Euclidean distance from a threshold value of a
 signal point constellation in a signal state space
 so as to use the calculated distance as the softdecision input values of the Turbo decoding that
 includes conversion, performs the Turbo decoding
 whereby a branch metric of trellis is calculated
 using a linear sum of the soft-decision input
 values, so as to calculate the log-likelihood ratio
 of the low-order information bit and the log-

likelihood ratio of the parity bit.

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